

## TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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## GETTING INTO A JACKPOT

INTERPRETING the dry laws of Nevada appears more difficult than going through the barbed wire of the boche in the worst days of the late war. Every district attorney has his own point of view and every private lawyer believes he is capable of discerning some new quibble by which the odious statutes may be made more binding on a community. The constitutional amendment on its face did not propose any interference with personal liberty or to do more than prohibit the public sale or giving away of spirituous liquors but, under the incitement to do something to attract attention there has developed a disposition to make the state bone dry which was not contemplated by the amendment. It is a matter of grave concern to have such a complexity of opinions which must govern in their local jurisdiction until such time as the supreme court passes on the many conflicting issues. For the reason that the United States pharmacopeia does not mention either whiskey, brandy or gin the district attorney of Elko county holds that a druggist is not permitted to sell these products of the distillery under any circumstances. Under this ruling the sick man must accept the plain spiritus frumenti which a liberal interpretation of the statutes would include every fermented alcoholic preparation.

The Pharmacopeia deals with the subject under the head of "Spiritus Frumenti," which is rather clearly described as "Whiskey" with the further explanation as follows: "An alcoholic liquid obtained by the distillation of the mash of fermented grain (usually mixtures of corn, wheat and rye) and at least two years old." This is sufficiently specific to cover a wide margin and it is a matter of indifference what the trade name of the preparation may be the base is spiritus frumenti and therefore may be sold as such. Nevertheless under this ruling grocers cannot carry any of the regular and commonly accepted flavoring extracts without which no housewife considers her pantry properly equipped. The opinion serves the one useful purpose of demonstrating that the electors of Nevada rushed into a tangle which promises endless complications and embarrassment because all extracts must be served only on prescription and the buyer must sign an affidavit that such extracts are to be used only for cooking purposes. To carry out this interpretation of the law the housewife is confronted with the necessity for visiting personally the nearest druggist every time she contemplates making a luscious lemon pie or a dish of ice cream with the concentrated essence of the vanilla bean. To enforce a liberal application of this drastic law would simply mean that it would be more generally observed in the future than by the maintenance. The druggists are not satisfied with following the wording of the law but they would insist on a course which common sense says is impracticable and one that would be violated daily by innocent women who thus would become amenable to the penalties provided for violation of the statute.

By this opinion every housekeeper and cook is placed in the same criminal category as narcotic addicts who have to produce a prescription before they can be provided with their favorite brand of hop. Such a course can only redound to the benefit of the physicians and druggists while the cost of living will reach the limit bounded by the blue sky.

## WILSON WANTED AT HOME

WHILE the president is hobnobbing with royalty and paying no attention to the affairs of his own country the gaunt specter of famine haunts every industrial center. The dislocation arising from neglect of the administration to anticipate the coming of peace is growing acute with the number of idle men and women fast reaching the proportions of the army we sent over to Europe. Capital is uncertain of what will be the outcome of the peace congress and therefore is wary of entering into any undertakings of importance which may prove worse than waste when the laws of the United States shall be revised to suit the exigencies of foreign countries. The president of the United States is exceeding his powers when he assumes to provide universal laws for the government of the world regardless of domestic conditions, with the result that his own country is likely to suffer more seriously. Every day's delay adds to the gravity of the situation and leading economists believe the crisis is fast approaching when the government must do something to regulate commerce and restore confidence. Difficulties in the transition of industry from a war to a peace basis are multiplying. This is due largely to the delay of the government in settling with war contractors who have on hand vast quantities of munitions materials. It is necessary to liquidate these enormous stocks of supplies and obtain their payment from the government before they can resume production on a peace basis. The administration provided no adequate way of liquidating these contracts and, when the situation was developing after the signing of the armistice, the one man whose authority would have served to bring about a more equitable condition ran off to Europe and abandoned the ship of state without a guiding hand at the wheel. Had the president relinquished his executive authority during his absence something might be done but without this vicarious representation, congress is robbed of the balance wheel which might bring about a temporary readjustment to tide the nation over the sudden transition which should have been anticipated. Instead of fighting the Bolsheviks in Europe and Russia it would be eminently more fitting to come home and prevent the reds from introducing a propaganda among the disaffected.

## CLIPPED AND CREDITED

Shall it be a league of peace or a piece of a league?—Washington Herald.

The news from Poland reads a good deal like a Sienkiewicz novel.—Manchester Union.

A small model of the Lusitania should be the centerpiece on the green table.—Greenville Piedmont.

Bolsheviks in Russia have plenty of money—such as it is. They've captured the printing presses.—Washington Herald.

The sultan says Turkey's participation in the war was due to accident—it accidentally made a wrong guess.—Indianapolis Star.

Having junked the junkers, Germany's job is to can the Spartacists, and show them they are Spartacists.—Chicago Tribune.

The president's opposition to sending a large force into Russia reminds us of what we have been doing to clear up the Mexican situation.—Indianapolis Star.

Hindenburg, writes Correspondent Lyons, looks tired and worn. Evidently the old man misses the vacation he planned to take in Paris.—Columbus Citizen.

The announcement that William Hohenzollern has just received from Germany 200 bags of gold indicates that he also was a piker when the government loan drives were in progress.—Indianapolis Star.

Senator La Follette wants to know why American soldiers were sent to Russia. No wonder the senator's in the dark on this point since he never knew why they were sent to France.—Philadelphia North American.

## SHRINERS MAY MAKE VISIT TO HONOLULU

(By Associated Press) HONOLULU, T. H., Jan. 24.—(By Mail)—James McCandless, Imperial high priest of the Mystic Shrine, and who, in the ordinary course of events, will be elected Imperial potentate at the conclave in San Francisco in 1922, is planning to lead an excursion of Shriner to Honolulu for a visit after the conclave. Mr. McCandless, one of Hawaii's wealthiest men, has announced that he will charter a steamer to bring the official Shrine divan to Hawaii that year.

## FIGHTING SPIRIT OF FEENEY IS CALLED INTO ACTION AT ST. MIHIEL

(Correspondence Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The fighting spirit that made the American army irresistible is illustrated in the case of Private Michael J. Feeney, of company G, 14th infantry regiment, 29th division, who with his "buddy" named Brady, put a German squad to flight by hurling stones at them. The instance is related in a letter received here from First Lieutenant T. J. B. Lang, Feeney's commanding officer, who vouches for its authenticity. Lieutenant Lang volunteered from Jersey City, while Feeney's name is a Syracuse N. Y.

The 29th division was in heavy fighting in a wooded district in or near the St. Mihiel sector.

"Feeney and his running mate, Brady, were occupying the same bunk-hole in the woods," writes Lieutenant Lang. There was just some tangled underbrush between them and the lines of boches close in front. During the early morning there was a boche machine gun serenade and things were humming at a lively rate. Some boches who evidently had come up during the night with the evident intention of bombing our men from their positions got close enough to hurl their hand grenades into our lines. We were not in trenches. We had gone far, far beyond them.

"One Hun hurled a grenade quite accurately and it landed on the edge of the hole which was the 'hunting lodge' of Messrs. Feeney and Brady—brave crusaders of the gentle Irish race. Feeney saw the grenade coming and jumping, himself, he hauled his comrade, Brady, after him into the next hole less than a foot and a half to the right. Of course he didn't have time to save his equipment. His mind was rightly more fully filled with thoughts of his own and Brady's safety.

"The grenade exploded with a terrible noise. It shattered the stock of Feeney's rifle, making it useless but Feeney with all these hereditary temper of his race wasn't long in deciding that the 'Dootchmen' were a dirty lot and needed a beating. He had no gun and no grenades so, with a curse at the Kaiser and his servants, he stood up in plain view of the enemy and throw rocks and stones at the Huns a few yards away.

"They evidently didn't feel safe facing Feeney and his mate, Brady, and, thinking they were due for a

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Leave Goldfield 10:30 a. m. Monday, Thursday, Saturday.  
Arrive Los Angeles 8:20 a. m. Tuesday, Friday, Sunday.  
Connections at Ludlow for Arizona and Southwest. Standard sleepers leave Beatty Monday and Thursday for Los Angeles. Leave Los Angeles Tuesday and Saturday.

## MICKIE SAYS

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TONOPAH HARDWARE CO.

## Nevada First National Bank of Tonopah

CAPITAL, \$100,000

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We are going to open the Bertram Sales room building on Sept. 15-16 as a Goodyear Service Station with a complete stock of Goodyear Tires, Tubes, Belting, Truck Tires and Valves. We are going to render Goodyear Service as prescribed by the Goodyear Company.

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The Liberty Bond is Uncle Sam's Promise to Pay and He is Worth \$250,000,000,000

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E. W. BLAIR, Cashier.

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brings its wants. It may be a servant, a situation, something to buy, sell or exchange. Some people want rooms; some people have rooms to rent.

No matter what it is, big or little, a small notice among the BONANZA want ads will bring satisfaction, because



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Each one of them is "sized up" by experts.

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Both must know market conditions for live stock and meat throughout the country. The buyer must know where the different qualities, weights, and kinds of cattle can be best marketed as beef.

If the buyer pays more than the animal is worth, the packer loses money on it. If he offers less, another packer or a shipper or feeder, gets it away from him.

If the seller accepts too little, the live-stock raiser gets less than he is entitled to. If he holds out for more than it is worth, he fails to make a sale.

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